

# SOCIAL STUDIES

## KEY BOOK

Class 1

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# PREFACE

We are thankful to Allah Almighty for presenting Social Studies Series. This series consists of five books from class 1 to class 5.

**The salient objectives and features of this series are as follows:**

- This series has been prepared and designed according to the National Curriculum Guidelines.
- In the beginning of each unit, learning objective is given, so that the students can understand the theme of the unit.
- At the end of each unit, interesting Activities and Exercises are given to reinforce the ideas learnt in the unit and motivate the students.
- The main objective of this series is to promote and develop the awareness about social life, atmosphere and environment.
- In this series, beautiful colours, attractive layout, designing and fine printing create interest in the students.
- In this series, every unit is illustrated with beautiful pictures which enhance the students interest to learn the lesson.
- This series will help the students to become responsible, active and well aware citizens.
- For the improvement of this series, valuable suggestions from teachers as well as parents will be warmly welcomed.

**Publishers**

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## Units

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## Unit 1

# Different Places

### Learning Objective:

The students will be able to know about Different Places.

We see different places around us. Some of them are shown below:  
ہم اپنے ارد گرد مختلف مقامات دیکھتے ہیں۔ ان میں سے کچھ نیچے دیئے گئے ہیں۔



### Railway Station

This is a place where we get on the train. The trains come and go from the railway station. This place is called "Railway Station".

اس جگہ ٹرین آتی ہے۔ ٹرین ریلوے اسٹیشن سے آتی اور جاتی ہے۔ اس جگہ کو ریلوے اسٹیشن کہتے ہیں۔



### Bus Stand

This is a place where we get on the bus. Buses stand here. People come here to ride on the buses. This place is called "Bus Stand".

یہ وہ جگہ ہے جہاں سے ہمیں بس ملتی ہے۔ یہاں بسیں کھڑی ہوتی ہیں۔ لوگ، بس پر سوار ہونے کے لیے یہاں آتے ہیں۔ اس جگہ کو بس اڈا کہا جاتا ہے۔



### Airport

### ائیر پورٹ

This is a place where we board the aeroplane. Aeroplanes fly from here and land here. This place is called "Airport".

یہ وہ جگہ ہے جہاں سے ہم ہوائی جہاز پر سوار ہوتے ہیں۔ ہوائی جہاز یہاں سے لاتے اور یہاں پر ٹھہرتے ہیں یہ جگہ ائیر پورٹ کہلاتی ہے۔

## Library لائبریری

This is a place where we read books. There are every subject's book. There are a lot of books. This place is called "Library".

اس جگہ پر ہم کتابیں پڑھتے ہیں۔ یہاں پر ہر مضمون کی کتابیں ہوتی ہیں۔ یہاں بہت سی کتابیں ہوتی ہیں۔ اس جگہ کو لائبریری کہا جاتا ہے۔

## Mosque مسجد

This is a holy place where the Muslims offer prayers five times a day. This place is also called "Masjid".

یہ ایک مقدس جگہ ہے جہاں مسلمان پانچ مرتبہ نماز ادا کرنے کے لیے آتے ہیں۔ اس جگہ کو مسجد کہتے ہیں۔

## Hospital ہسپتال

This is a place where sick people are cured. Doctors come here to care the patients. This place is called "Hospital".

یہ ایک جگہ ہے جہاں بیمار لوگوں کا علاج کیا جاتا ہے۔ ڈاکٹر زیہاں آتے ہیں اور مریضوں کی دلکشی بھال کرتے ہیں اس جگہ کو ہسپتال کہا جاتا ہے۔

## Market بازار

This is a place where we do shopping. We buy every thing, we need. We buy the things of our daily use. This place is called "Market".

یہ ایک جگہ ہے جہاں لوگ خریداری کرتے ہیں۔ ہم ہر وہ چیز جس کی ہمیں ضرورت ہو یہاں سے خریدتے ہیں۔ ہم اپنے روزمرہ استعمال کی چیزوں خریدتے ہیں اس جگہ کو بازار کہتے ہیں۔



## Exercise

### A. Answer these questions.

**Q1:** Name the place where we get on the train.

**Ans:** Railway Station is a place Where we get on the train.

**Q2:** Where do the Muslims offer prayers five times a day?

**Ans:** Masjid is the place Where Muslims offer prayers five times in a day.

**Q3:** Name the place where we do shopping.

**Ans:** Market is a place where we do shopping.

**Q4:** Which is the place from where Aeroplane take fly?

**Ans:** Airport is a place where take fly the Aeroplane.

**Q5:** Which is the place from where we buy the things we need?

**Ans:** Market is a place from where we buy the things we need.

### B. Tick (✓) the correct option.

1: Airport is a place where we board the:

- ✓(a) aeroplane      (b) bus      (c) train

2: Library is a place where we \_\_\_\_\_ books.

- (a) buy      ✓(b) read      (c) sell

3: Hospital is a place where sick people are:

- (a) taught      (b) fed      ✓(c) cured

4: Market is a place from where we \_\_\_\_\_ thing, we need.

- (a) read      (b) get on      ✓(c) buy

5: Railway station is a place where \_\_\_\_\_ come and go.

- (a) books      (b) buses      ✓(c) trains

C.

Write down the name of each place shown in the pictures.



Railway Station



Library



Masjid



Bus Station

## Unit 2

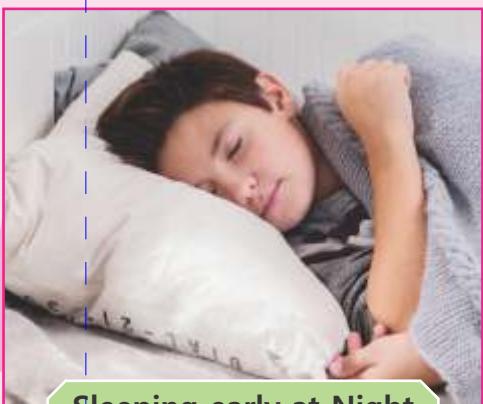
# Good Habits

### Learning Objective:

The students will be able to know about Good Habits.

Some **Good Habits** are given below:

- We should go to bed early at night.
- We should get up early in the morning.
- We should take a bath everyday.
- We should brush our teeth twice a day.
- We should wash our hands before eating and after having toilet.
- Everyone likes neat and clean children.



Sleeping early at Night

کچھ اچھی عادات نیچے دی گئی ہیں۔

ہمیں رات کو جلدی سوچانا چاہیے۔

ہمیں صحیح سویرے اٹھنا چاہیے۔

ہمیں روزانہ نہاننا چاہیے۔

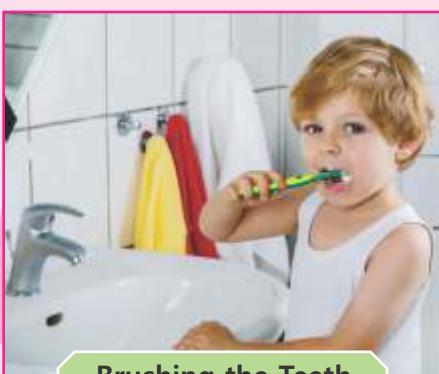
ہمیں دن میں دو مرتبہ دانت برش کرنے چاہیے۔

ہمیں کھانا کھانے سے پہلے اور باتھ روم (بیت الخلا) جانے کے بعد اپنے ہاتھ دھونے چاہیں۔

ہر کوئی صاف سترہ پھوٹ کو پسند کرتا ہے۔



Taking a Bath



Brushing the Teeth



Washing the Hands

## Exercise

A. Answer these questions.

**Q1:** When should we get up in the morning?

**Ans:** We should get up early in the morning.

**Q2:** Which children are liked by everyone?

**Ans:** Neat and clean children are liked by every one.

**Q3:** How many times should we brush our teeth in a day?

**Ans:** We should brush our teeth twice a day.

B. Tick (✓) the correct option.

1: We should go to bed:

(a) late at night ✓(b) early at night (c) after midnight

2: We should take a bath:

(a) twice a day (b) after a week ✓(c) everyday

3: Before eating we should wash our:

(a) feet (b) face ✓(c) hands

4: We should get up \_\_\_\_\_ in the morning.

(a) late ✓(b) early (c) never

5: Every one likes \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ children.

(a) naughty ✓(b) Neat and clean (c) Funny

C. Fill in the blanks.

1: Everyone likes neat and clean children.

2: We should brush our teeth twice a day.

3: We should get up early in the morning.

4: We should wash our hands before eating and after h a v i n g toilet.

5: We should go to bed early at night.

**D.** Tick (✓) the true and cross (✗) the false statements.

- 1: We should not keep ourselves neat and clean.
- 2: We should brush our teeth twice a day.
- 3: We should go to bed early at night.
- 4: We do not get up early in the morning.
- 5: Everyone likes neat and clean children.

**E.** Write down the name of each activity.



**Brushing the teeth**



**Taking a bath**



**Washing the hands**



**Sleeping early at night**

## Unit 3

# Things Of Daily Use

### Learning Objective:

The students will be able to know about Things Of Daily Use.

Some things around us are for our daily use. These things are highly useful for us. Some of these things are shown here with their names. We use these things in our daily life.



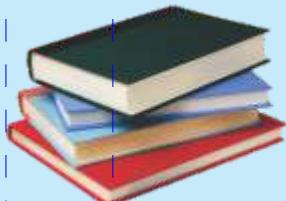
Wall Clock

گھری



Door

دروازہ



Books

کتابیں



Refrigerator

فرنچ



Bucket

بائٹی



LCD

ایل سی ڈی



Car

کار



Stove

چولہا



Fan

Washing Machine

کپڑے دھونے والی ماشین





**Cupboard**

الماری



**Energy Saver**

بلب (اے جی سیور)



**Motorcycle**

موٹر سائیکل



**Bicycle**

بائیسکل

**Pencil**

پنسل



**Juicer Blender**

جوس بنانے والی مشین



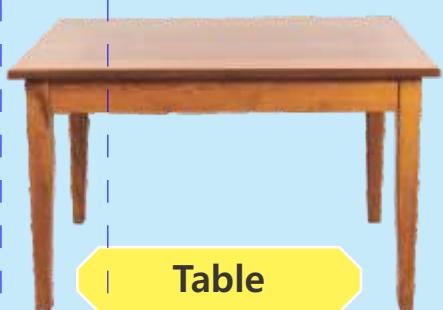
**Pressure Cooker**

پریشن کرکر



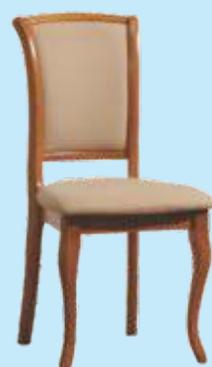
**Table Lamp**

ٹیبل لیمپ



**Table**

ٹیبل



**Chair**

کرسی



**Bed**

بیڈ

# Exercise

A. Answer these questions.

**Q1:** Name four things of our daily use.

**Ans:** We use these things in our daily life.

- I) Door    ii) Car    iii) Fan    iv) LCD

**Q2:** What is meant by things of daily use?

**Ans:** Things of daily use means that the things are highly useful for us.

**Q3:** What the washing machine is for?

**Ans:** Washing machine is for washing the clothes.

**Q4:** What the bed is for?

**Ans:** The bed is for sleeping.

**Q5:** What to we make with juice blender?

**Ans:** We make Juices with Juice blender.

B. Write down the the name of each thing.



Pencil



Car



Stove



Bed



Table Lamp



Books



Pressure cooker



Cup board



LCD



Chair



Refrigerator



Motorcycle

# Road Safety Rules

**Learning Objective:** The students will be able to know about Road Safety Rules.

Here are some **Road Safety Rules**. When we are on the road, we should follow these rules.

- We should see right, left and again to right before crossing the road.
- We should follow the traffic lights.
- We should stop when the **red light** is on.
- We should get ready when the **yellow light** is on.
- We can move forward when the **green light** glows.



یہاں کچھ سڑک کے حفاظتی قوانین ہیں۔

جب ہم سڑک پر ہوتے ہیں تو ہمیں ان قوانین پر عمل کرنا چاہیے۔

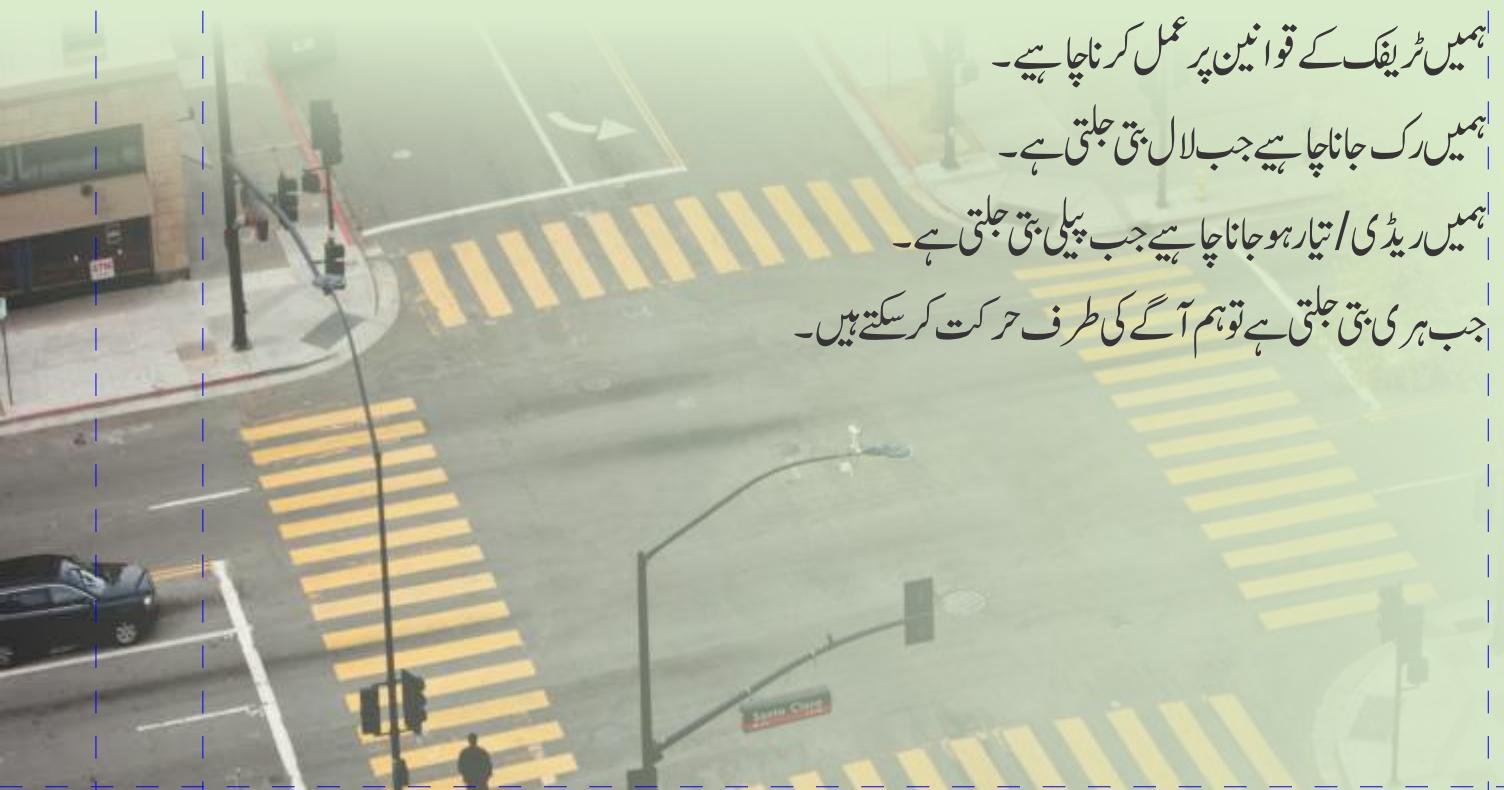
ہمیں دائیں اور بائیں جانب دیکھنا چاہیے اور سڑک پار کرنے سے پہلے دوبارہ دائیں جانب دیکھنا چاہیے۔

ہمیں ٹریفک کے قوانین پر عمل کرنا چاہیے۔

ہمیں رک جانا چاہیے جب لاں بتنی جلتی ہے۔

ہمیں ریڈی / اتیار ہو جانا چاہیے جب پیلی بتنی جلتی ہے۔

جب ہری بتنی ہے تو ہم آگے کی طرف حرکت کر سکتے ہیں۔



## Exercise

A. Answer these questions.

**Q1:** What should we do before crossing the road?

**Ans:** We should see right, left and again to right before crossing the road.

**Q2:** What is meant by the red light?

**Ans:** The red light means to stop.

**Q3:** What is meant by yellow light?

**Ans:** The yellow light means to get ready.

**Q4:** What is meant by green light?

**Ans:** The green light means to move forward.

**Q5:** Where should we see before crossing the road?

**Ans:** We should follow the traffic rules before crossing the road.

B. Tick (✓) the correct option.

1: We should follow the:

- (a) fast vehicles    ✓(b) traffic lights    (c) slow vehicles

2: To cross the road, we should see:

- (a) right                (b) left                ✓(c) both (a) and (b)

3: We should move forward, when the light glows:

- (a) red                    ✓(b) green                (c) yellow

4: We should stop when the \_\_\_\_\_ is on.

- (a) green light            (b) yellow light    ✓(c) red light

5: We should get ready when the \_\_\_\_\_ light is on.

- (a) green light            (b) red light                ✓(c) yellow light

### C. Fill in the blanks.

- 1: We can move forward, when the green light glows.
- 2: The red light means to stop.
- 3: The yellow light means to get ready.
- 4: We should get ready when the yellow light is on.
- 5: We should see right, left and again to right before crossing the road.

### D. Tick (✓) the true and cross (✗) the false statements.

- 1: We should follow the traffic lights.
- 2: The red light means to stop.
- 3: The green light means to get ready either to move or stop.
- 4: When the green light glows then we can move forward.
- 5: We should break the traffic rules.

### E. What does each light show?



To Stop



Get ready



Move forward

## Unit 5

# Sports & Games

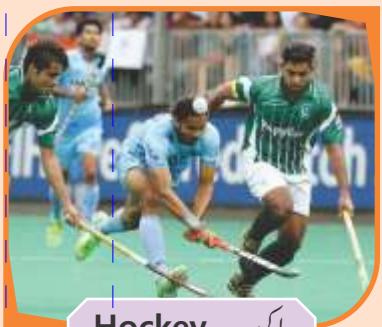
### Learning Objective:

The students will be able to know about Sports & Games.

Games make us strong and healthy. Some games are **Outdoor** and some games are **Indoor**.

کھیل ہمیں سخت مانداور مضبوط بناتے ہیں۔

کچھ کھیل گھر پر کھیلتے ہیں اور کچھ گھر سے باہر کھیلے جاتے ہیں۔



Hockey ہاکی



Football فٹ بال



Cricket کرکٹ



Polo پولو

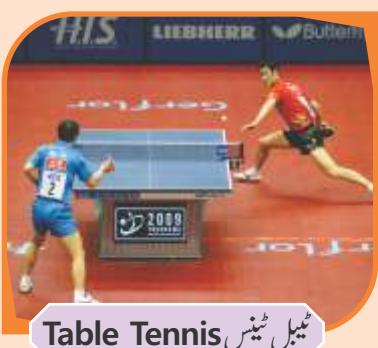
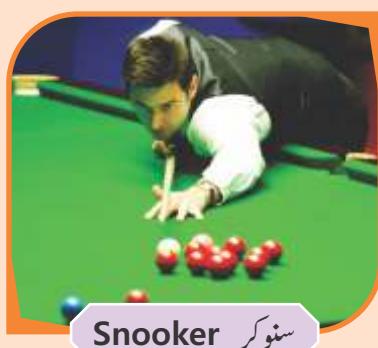


Table Tennis ٹیبل ٹینس



Snooker سنوکر



Carrom Board کیرم بورڈ



Basketball بائسکٹ بال



Ludo لڈو

**Indoor games** are played at closed areas. **Outdoor games** are played in open areas.

indoor games بند جگہ پر کھیلی جاتی ہیں۔

Outdoor games کھلی جگہ پر کھیلی جاتی ہیں۔

# Exercise

A. Answer these questions.

**Q1:** What is the benefit of games?

**Ans:** Games make us strong and healthy.

**Q2:** What is meant by "Indoor Games"?

**Ans:** Indoor games means playing games at closed areas.

**Q3:** Where is meant by "Outdoor Games"?

**Ans:** Outdoor games means playing games at open areas.

**Q4:** Which "Indoor game" do you like play?

**Ans:** I like Ludo to play.

**Q5:** Which "Outdoor game" do you like play?

**Ans:** I like cricket to play.

B. Write down the name of each game?



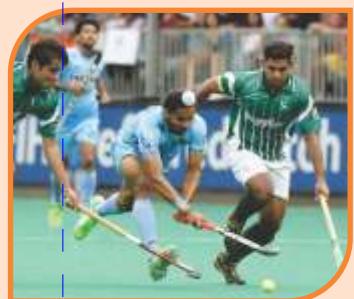
Basketball



Football



Snooker



Hockey



Table Tennis



Cricket

C.

Match the following games with their names.



Basketball

Polo

Cricket

Hockey

Ludo

Football



## Unit 6

# Clothes

### Learning Objective:

The students will be able to know about Clothes.

We wear different types of **Clothes**. They protect us from rain, heat and cold. They also decorate us when we go to attend a function. We like to wear colourful clothes. We wear gloves in our hands. We wear socks in our feet.

ہم مختلف قسم کے کپڑے پہنتے ہیں۔ یہ ہمیں ٹھنڈک، گرمی اور بارش سے محفوظ رکھتے ہیں۔ جب ہم کسی فنکشن میں شرکت کرتے ہیں تو یہ ہمیں سجا تے بھی ہیں۔ ہم رنگیں کپڑے پہننا پسند کرتے ہیں، ہم اپنے ہاتھوں میں دست ان پہنتے ہیں۔ ہم اپنے پاؤں میں موڑے پہنتے ہیں۔



## Exercise

### A. Answer these questions.

**Q1:** Which clothes, do we like to wear?

**Ans:** We like to wear colourful clothes.

**Q2:** What is the benefit of clothes?

**Ans:** The benefits of clothes are that they protect and decorate us.

**Q3:** Which thing decorates us when we go to attend a function?

**Ans:** Clothes decorate us when we go to attend a function.

**Q4:** What is the colour of your uniform?

**Ans:** The colour of my uniform is light grey and black.

**Q5:** Which clothes we wear?

**Ans:** We wear different types of clothes.

### B. Fill in the blanks.

1: We wear different types of clothes.

2: They protect us from heat and cold.

3: We like to wear colourful clothes.

4: They also decorate us when we go to attend a function.

5: We wear gloves in our hands and socks in our feet.

### C. Name the given clothes.



Shirt



Socks



T-Shirt



Jeans



Frock



Sweater



Baby suit



Coat



Gloves



Skirt



cap



Trousers

## Unit 7

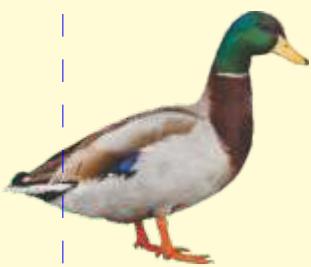
# Pet Animals

### Learning Objective:

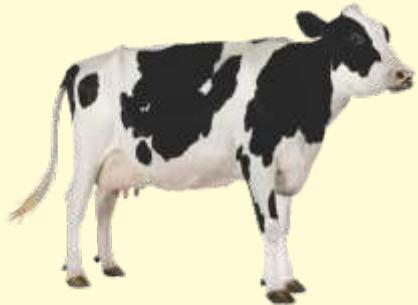
The students will be able to know about the Pet Animals.

There are many **Pet Animals**. For example, goat, cow, hen, duck, parrot, etc. Pet animals are kept at homes or in the farms. Camel is also called the ship of desert.

پالتو جانور بہت سے ہیں مثال کے طور پر بکری، گائے، مرغی بیخ، توتا وغیرہ۔ پالتو جانوروں کو گھر یا فارم میں رکھا جاتا ہے۔ اونٹ کو صحراء کا جہاز بھی کہا جاتا ہے۔



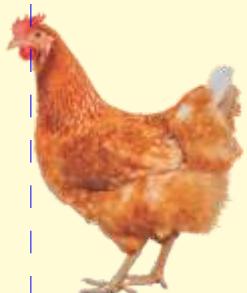
Duck بیخ



Cow گائے



Parrot توتا



Hen مرغی



Goat بکری



Camel اونٹ

These animals are very useful for us. We get meat, eggs and milk from these animals. Some pet animals are very beautiful to look at. Dogs and horses are very faithful animals.

یہ جانور ہمارے لیے بہت مددگار ہیں۔ ہم ان جانوروں سے گوشت، انڈے اور دودھ حاصل کرتے ہیں۔

پچھے پالتو جانور دیکھنے میں بہت خوبصورت ہوتے ہیں، گھوڑے اور کتے بہت وفادار جانور ہیں۔

## Exercise

A. Answer these questions.

**Q1:** Name some pet animals.

**Ans:** There are many pet Animals, For example Goat, Cow, Hen, Duck, Parrot etc.

**Q2:** Where are pet animals kept?

**Ans:** Pet animals are kept at homes or in the farms.

**Q3:** What do we get from pet animals?

**Ans:** We get meat, eggs and milk from pet animals.

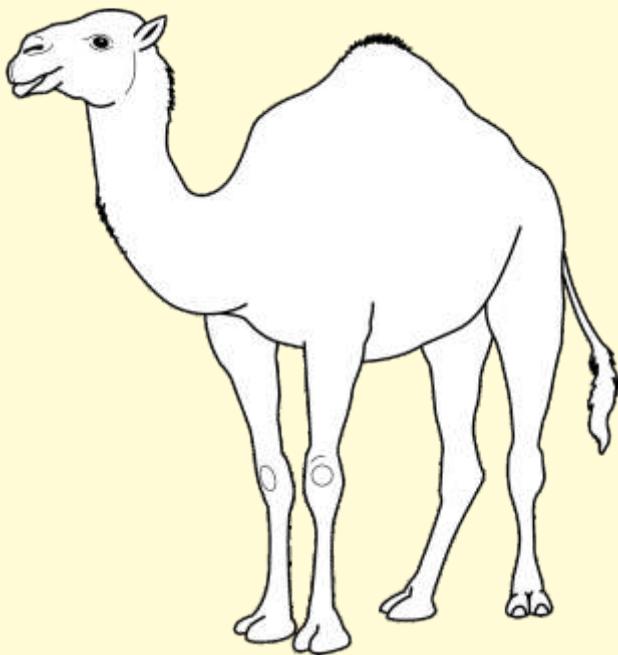
**Q4:** Which animals are very faithful?

**Ans:** Dogs and horses are very faithful animals.

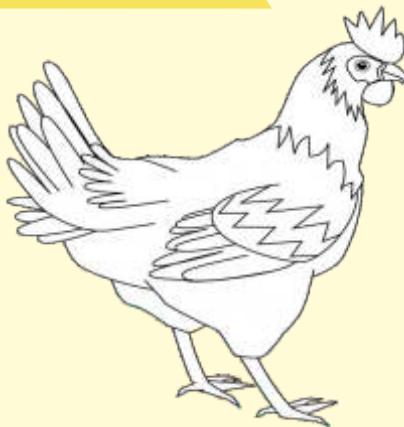
**Q5:** Which animal is called "Ship of desert".

**Ans:** Camel is called the "Ship of Desert".

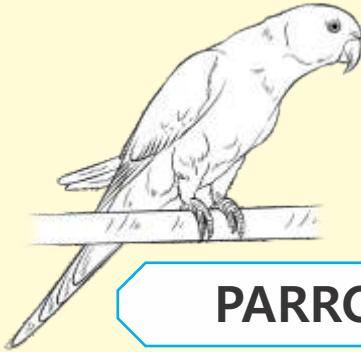
B. Colour and name the animals given below:



CAMEL



HEN



PARROT

## Unit 8

# Seasons

**Learning Objective:** The students will be able to know about the Seasons.

A year is divided into four periods. These are called seasons. There are four seasons in our country.

These four seasons are **Summer**, **Winter**, **Spring** and **Autumn**. Summer is the warmest season of the year. In Summer season, the days are very long and hot. Winter season is the coldest season of the year. In Winter season, the days are very short and cold. The flowers bloom in Spring season. Autumn is also known as "Fall" season because the leaves of the trees fall.

سال کو چار ادوار میں تقسیم کیا گیا ہے۔ یہ موسم کہلاتے ہیں۔ ہمارے ملک میں چار موسم ہوتے ہیں۔ یہ چار موسم گرمی، سردی خزاں اور بہار ہیں، موسم گرم سال کا گرم ترین موسم ہے۔ گرمی کے موسم میں دن بہت گرم اور لمبے ہوتے ہیں۔ سردی کا موسم سال کا سب سے سرد ترین موسم ہے۔ سردی کے موسم میں دن بہت چھوٹے اور سرد ہوتے ہیں۔ بہار کے موسم میں پھول کھلتے ہیں۔ خزاں کو پت جھڑ کا موسم بھی کہا جاتا ہے۔ کیونکہ اس موسم میں درختوں سے پتے جھڑ جاتے ہیں۔

**Spring Season**



**Summer Season**



**Autumn Season**



**Winter Season**



## Exercise

A.

Answer these questions.

**Q1:** How many periods are there in a year?

**Ans:** There are four Periods in a year.

**Q2:** How many seasons are there in our country?

**Ans:** There are four seasons in our country.

**Q3:** Write down the names of four seasons.

**Ans:** The names of four seasons are  
summer, winter, Spring, Autumn,

**Q4:** Which season is the warmest season of the year?

**Ans:** Summer is the warmest season of the year.

**Q5:** In which season do the followers bloom?

**Ans:** The flowers bloom in spring season.

B.

Tick (✓) the correct option.

1: A year is divided into \_\_\_\_\_ periods.

- (a) two      ✓(b) four      (c) three

2: There are \_\_\_\_\_ seasons in our country.

- (a) two      (b) three      ✓(c) four

3: The flowers bloom in \_\_\_\_\_ season.

- (a) Winter      ✓(b) Spring      (c) Summer

4: Summer is the \_\_\_\_\_ season of the year.

- (a) coldest      ✓(b) warmest      (c) moderate

5: Autumn is also known as \_\_\_\_\_ season.

- ✓(a) fall      (b) blooming      (c) rainy

### C. Fill in the blanks.

- 1: A year is divided into **four** periods.
- 2: **Winter Season** is called the coldest season of the year.
- 3: In Summer season, the days are very **long** and hot.
- 4: In **winter** season, the days are very short and cold.
- 5: Autumn is also known as **fall** season.

### D. Tick (✓) the true and cross (✗) the false statements.

- 1: A year is divided into five periods.
- 2: In Autumn season, the leaves fall.
- 3: In Summer season days are very hot.
- 4: There are five seasons in our country.
- 5: The flowers bloom in Spring season.



### E. Write down the name of each season shown in the picture.



Winter Season



Autumn Season



Summer Season



Spring Season

## Unit 9

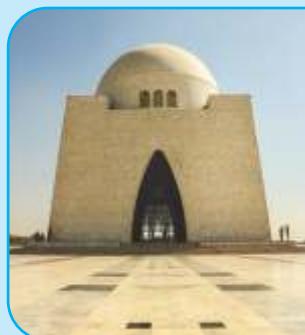
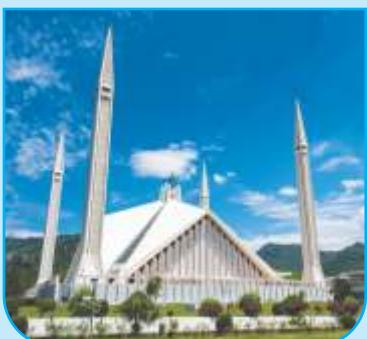
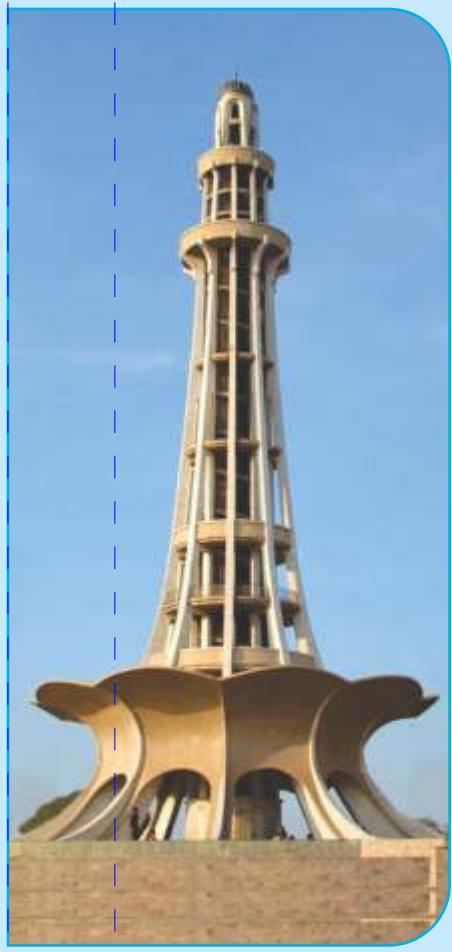
# My Country

### Learning Objective:

The students will be able to know about My Country.

Pakistan is my country. It is a very beautiful country. It is an Islamic country. It is located in Asia. The official name of my country is "Islamic Republic of Pakistan". Islamabad is the capital of Pakistan. There are four provinces of Pakistan. Pakistan got its independence on 14<sup>th</sup> August, 1947 from British Government. We celebrate our "Independence Day" on 14<sup>th</sup> August every year.

پاکستان میرا ملک ہے۔ یہ ایک بہت خوبصورت ملک ہے۔ یہ ایک اسلامی ملک ہے۔ یہ ایشیاء میں واقع ہے۔ میرے ملک کا سرکاری نام اسلامی جمہوریہ پاکستان ہے۔ اسلام آباد پاکستان کا دارالخلافہ ہے۔ پاکستان کے چار صوبے ہیں۔ پاکستان نے برطانوی حکومت سے 14 اگست 1947 کو آزادی حاصل کی۔ ہم ہر سال 14 اگست کو اپنی آزادی کا دن مناتے ہیں۔



## Exercise

### A. Answer these questions.

**Q1:** What is the official name of Pakistan?

**Ans:** The official name of Pakistan is "Islamic Republic of Pakistan".

**Q2:** Is Pakistan a beautiful country?

**Ans:** Yes, Pakistan is a beautiful country.

**Q3:** Where is Pakistan located?

**Ans:** Pakistan is located in Asia.

**Q4:** When did Pakistan get its independence?

**Ans:** Pakistan got its independence on 14th August, 1947.

**Q5:** When do we celebrate our "Independence Day"?

**Ans:** We celebrate our "independence day" on 14th August every year.

### B. Tick (✓) the correct option.

1: Pakistan is our:

- (a) town                      ✓(b) country                      (c) city

2: Pakistan is located in:

- (a) North Pole              (b) South Pole                      ✓(c) Asia

3: The capital of Pakistan is:

- ✓(a) Islamabad              (b) Lahore                      (c) Karachi

4: There are \_\_\_\_\_ provinces of Pakistan:

- (a) three                      ✓(b) four                              (c) five

5: Pakistan got its independence on:

- ✓(a) 14<sup>th</sup> August              (b) 15<sup>th</sup> August                      (c) 13<sup>th</sup> August

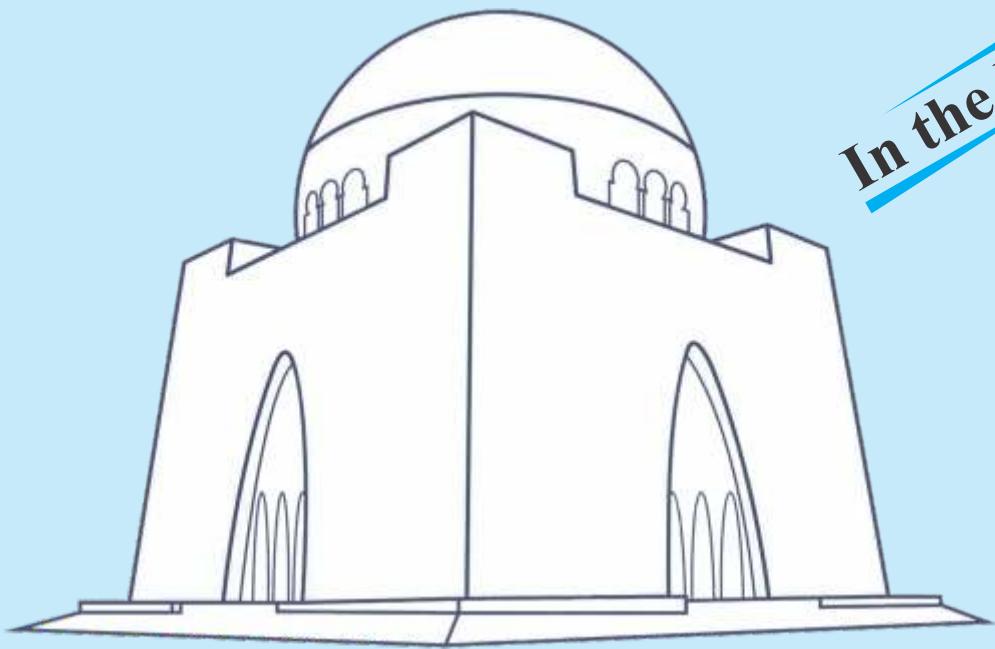
**C.** Fill in the blanks.

- 1: Pakistan is an **Islamic** country.
- 2: The official name of Pakistan is **islamic Republic of pakistan**.
- 3: Islamabad is the **capital** of Pakistan.
- 4: Pakistan got independence from **british Government**.
- 5: There are **four** provinces of Pakistan.

**D.** Tick (✓) the true and cross (✗) the false statements.

- 1: Pakistan is not a very beautiful country.
- 2: "Islamic Republic of Pakistan" is an official name of our country.
- 3: We celebrate our "Independence Day" on 15<sup>th</sup>August every year.
- 4: Pakistan is located in Europe.
- 5: Pakistan got independence from America.

**E.** Colour the following picture.



In the Book

## Unit 10

# Professions

### Learning Objective:

The students will be able to know about the Professions.

There are different types of people live around us. They do different jobs to earn their living. They are very helpful to us. Their works are called **Professions**. Some of them are given below.

ہمارے ارد گرد مختلف قسم کے لوگ رہتے ہیں۔ وہ گزر بسر کے لیے مختلف قسم کی نوکری کرتے ہیں۔ وہ ہمارے لیے بہت مددگار ہیں۔ ان کے کام پیشے کھلاتے ہیں۔ ان میں سے کچھ مندرجہ ذیل ہیں۔



Doctor ڈاکٹر



Policeman پولیس مین



Postman ڈاکیا



Nurse نرس



Pilot پائلٹ



Driver ڈرائیور



Labourer مزدور



Soldier سپاہی



Barber نالی



Mason کمہار



Carpenter بڑھی



Engineer انجینئر

# Exercise

A. Match the people with their professions.

**Barber**



**Doctor**



**Policeman**



**Carpenter**



**Postman**



## Unit 11

# My House

**Learning Objective:** The students will be able to know about the House.

- This is my house.
- It protects us from rain, cold and heat.
- There are three rooms in it.
- I have a beautiful bedroom.
- I sleep in the bedroom.
- I study in my studyroom.
- My mother cooks food in the kitchen.
- We take a bath in the washroom.
- We entertain guests in the drawingroom.
- We watch television in the T.V. lounge.

یہ میرا گھر ہے۔  
یہ ہمیں ٹھنڈک، گرمی اور بارش سے محفوظ رکھتا ہے۔  
اس میں تین کمرے ہیں۔  
میرا ایک خوبصورت بیڈ روم ہے۔  
میں بیڈ روم میں سوتا ہوں۔  
میں اسٹڈی روم میں پڑھتا ہوں۔  
میری امی کچن میں کھانا پکاتی ہیں۔  
ہم واش روم میں غسل کرتے ہیں۔  
ہم مہمانوں کو مہمان خانے (ڈرائیور) میں بھاتے ہیں۔  
ہم فُلی وی لاڈنچ میں فُلی وی دیکھتے ہیں۔





Drawingroom ڈرائیورم



Bedroom بیورو م



Studyroom اسٹدیو روم



T.V. Lounge ٹی وی لاونچ



Kitchen کچن



Washroom واش روم

## Exercise

A. Answer these questions.

**Q1:** How many rooms are there in the house?

**Ans:** There are three rooms in the house.

**Q2:** Where does the mother cook food?

**Ans:** My mother cooks food in the kitchen.

**Q3:** Where do we entertain the guests?

**Ans:** We entertain the guests in the drawing room.

**Q4:** Where do I study?

**Ans:** I study in my study room.

**Q5:** Where do we watch the television?

**Ans:** We watch television in the T.V lounge.

B. Colour the following picture.



**Learning Objective:** The students will be able to know about the Village Life.

In Pakistan, 70 % of population lives in the villages. The people who live in the villages are called villagers. Life in the villages is very slow and calm.

The villagers lead very simple and peaceful life. Most of the villagers live in the houses made of mud. Some of them live in concrete houses. Mostly, villagers work in the fields. They grow crops for us. They are very honest and hardworking.

پاکستان میں ۰ ۷ آبادی گاؤں میں رہتی ہے۔ وہ لوگ جو گاؤں میں رہتے ہیں دیہاتی کھلاتے ہیں۔ گاؤں میں زندگی بہت آہستہ اور پر سکون ہے۔

دیہاتی بہت سادہ اور پرا من زندگی گزارتے ہیں۔ زیادہ تر دیہاتی مٹی سے بننے والے گھروں میں رہتے ہیں۔ ان میں سے کچھ لوگ پکے گھروں میں رہتے ہیں۔ زیادہ تر دیہاتی کھیتوں میں کام کرتے ہیں۔ وہ ہمارے لیے فصلیں اگاتے ہیں۔ وہ بہت ایمان دار اور محنتی ہیں۔



## Exercise

### A. Answer these questions.

**Q1:** What is the percentage of village population?

**Ans:** The percentage of village population is 70%.

**Q2:** What are people of the villages called?

**Ans:** The people of the villages are called villagers.

**Q3:** Where do the most people of the villages live in?

**Ans:** The most people of the villages live in the houses made of mud.

**Q4:** Where do the villagers work?

**Ans:** Villagers work in the fields.

**Q5:** Are the villagers are honest and hardworking?

**Ans:** Yes the villagers are honest and hardworking.

### B. Tick (✓) the correct option.

1: The people who live in the villages are called:

(a) citizens              ✓(b) villagers              (c) modren

2: Life in the villages is very:

(a) slow              (b) calm              ✓(c) both (a) or (b)

3: \_\_\_\_\_ lead very simple and peaceful life.

✓(a) The villagers      (b) The rich people    (c) The citizens

4: Most of the villagers work in the:

(a) factories              ✓(b) fields              (c) workshops

5: The villagers grow crops for:

(a) their family              (b) themselves              ✓(c) us

### C. Fill in the blanks.

- 1: In Pakistan, 70% population lives in the villages.
- 2: Most of the villagers live in the houses made of mud.
- 3: Most of the villagers work in the fields.
- 4: The villagers grow crops for us.
- 5: They are very honest and hard working people.

### D. Tick (✓) the true and cross (✗) the false statements.

- 1: Life in the villages is very slow and calm.
- 2: Most people in the villages live in concrete houses.
- 3: People of the villages are called villagers.
- 4: They grow crops in the fields for us.
- 5: 80 % population of Pakistan lives in the villages.

### E. Collect the pictures of any three crops and paste here.



## Unit 13

# Cleanliness

### Learning Objective:

The students will be able to know about Cleanliness.

**Cleanliness** is a very good habit. We should adopt this habit.

Allah likes cleanliness.

صفائی ایک بہت اچھی عادت ہے۔ ہمیں اس عادت کو اپنانا چاہیے۔ اللہ تعالیٰ صفائی کو پسند کرتا ہے۔



**Brushing the Teeth**

دانت برش کرنا

**Taking a Bath**

نہانہ

**Combing the Hair**

بالوں کو کٹھی کرنا



**Cutting the Nails**

ناخنوں کو کاٹنا

**Polishing the Shoes**

جوتوں کو پالش کرنا

Good children always like cleanliness.

اچھے بچے ہمیشہ صفائی پسند کرتے ہیں۔

# Exercise

A.

Look at the given pictures and write the activities of the children.

**Cutting the Nails**



**Polishing the Shoes**



**Brushing the Teeth**



**Combing the Hair**



## Unit 14

# Our National Flag

### Learning Objective:

The students will be able to know about Our National Flag.

This is our flag. We are Pakistani. This flag is our recognition in the world. Our flag looks very beautiful. Greater part of our flag is of green colour and less flag is white.

یہ ہمارا جھنڈا ہے۔ ہم پاکستانی ہیں۔ یہ جھنڈا دنیا میں ہماری پہچان ہے۔ ہمارا جھنڈا بہت خوبصورت لگتا ہے۔ جھنڈے کا سب سے بڑا حصہ سبز رنگ کا ہے اور کم سفید رنگ کا ہے۔



It has two colours white and green. It has a star and a crescent. We respect and honour of our flag. We love with our flag.

اس کے دورنگ ہر اس میں ایک ستارہ اور ہلال ہے۔ ہم اپنے جھنڈے کی عزت اور تعظیم کرتے ہیں ہم اپنے جھنڈے سے پیار کرتے ہیں۔

## Exercise

A.

Answer these questions.

**Q1:** Which thing is our recognition in the world?

**Ans:** Our National flag is our recognition in the world.

**Q2:** How many colours are there in our flag?

**Ans:** There are two colours in our flag white and green.

**Q3:** Should we respect and honour of our flag?

**Ans:** Yes we should respect and honour of our flag.

**Q4:** Which colour is more in our flag?

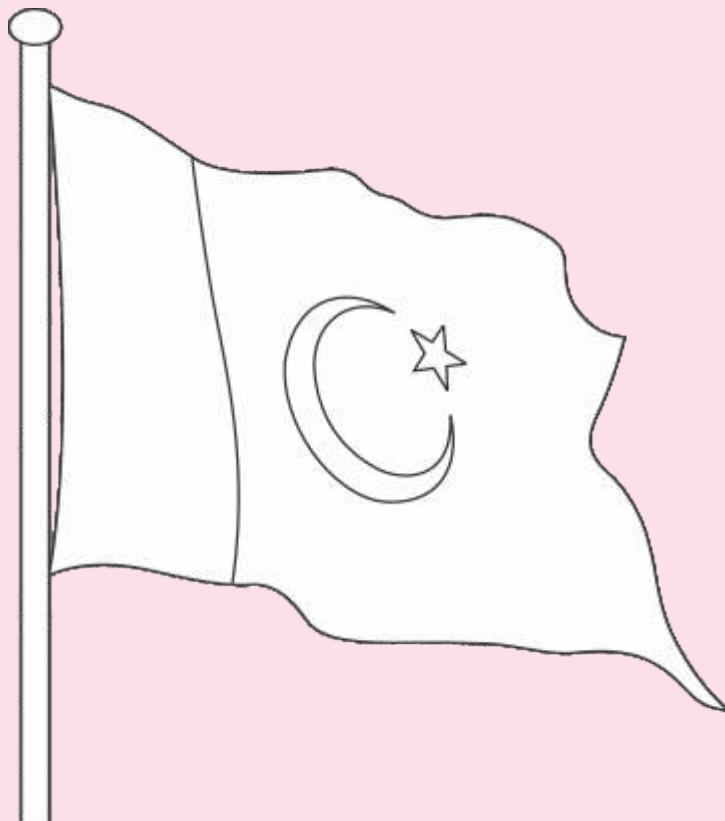
**Ans:** Green colour is more in our flag.

**Q5:** What is made with star on our flag?

**Ans:** Crescent is made with star on our flag.

B.

Colour the flag of Pakistan.



## Unit 15

# Our Religion, Islam

### Learning Objective:

The students will be able to know about Our Religion, Islam.



We are the Muslims and our religion is Islam. We believe in Allah Almighty and His last Prophet Hazrat Muhammad (صلی اللہ علیہ و آله و سلم). (صلی اللہ علیہ و آله و سلم)

Allah has made every thing in the world. For example, animals, plants, human beings, mountains, birds, insects, etc.

We offer five prayers in a day. The prayers and their Rakats are as follows:

ہم مسلمان ہیں اور ہمارا نہ بہ اسلام ہے۔ ہم اللہ اور اس کے آخری پیغمبر حضرت محمد ﷺ پر یقین رکھتے ہیں۔ اللہ نے اس دنیا میں ساری چیزیں بنائی ہیں۔ مثال کے طور پر جانور، پودے، بندوق انسان، پہاڑ، پرندے، حشرات وغیرہ۔ ہم دن میں پانچ نمازیں پڑھتے ہیں۔ نمازیں اور ان کی رکعت مندرجہ ذیل ہیں۔



## Exercise

### A. Answer these questions.

**Q1:** **What is our belief?**

**Ans:** We believe in Allah Almighty and His last Prophet Hazrat Muhammad (S.A.W)

**Q2:** **Who has made all the things in the world?**

**Ans:** Allah has made all the things in the world.

**Q3:** **How many prayers do we offer in a day?**

**Ans:** We offer five prayers in a day.

**Q4:** **Who are we and what is our religion?**

**Ans:** We are the Muslims and our religion is Islam.

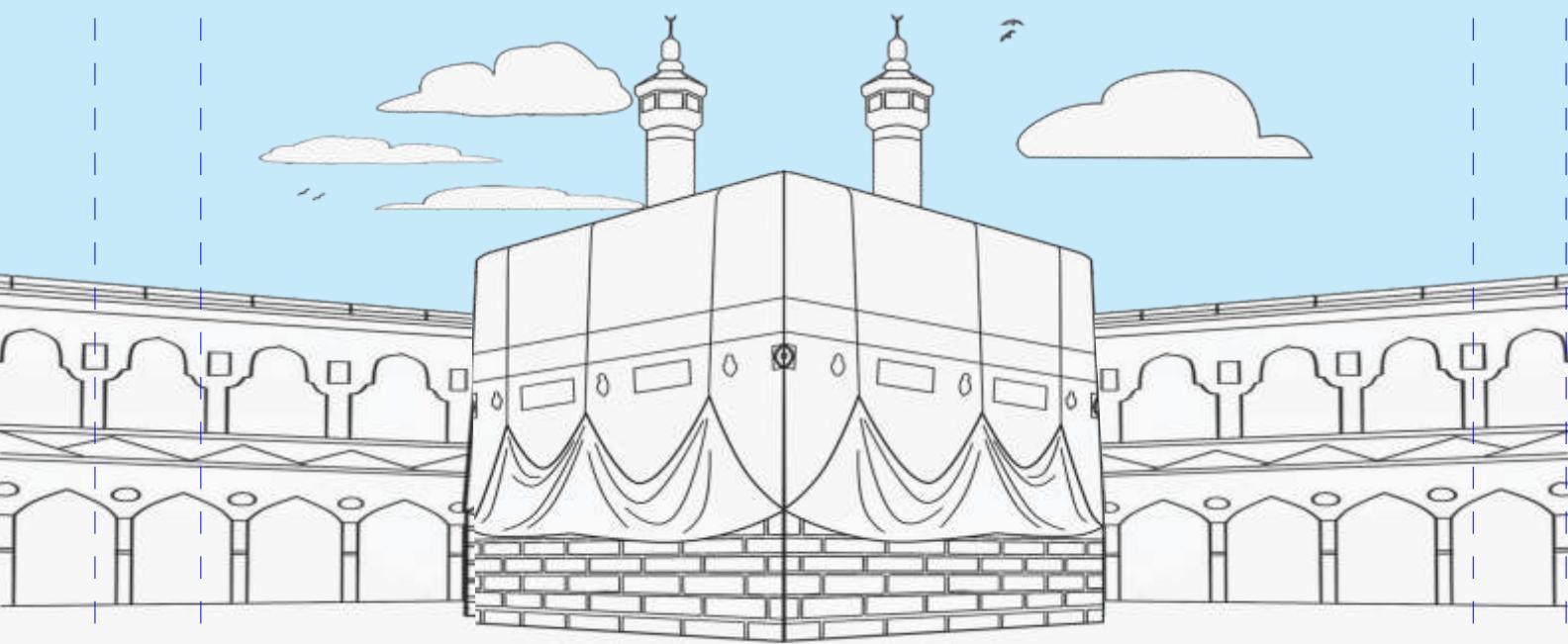
**Q5:** **Name the five prayers we offer in a day?**

**Ans:** The names of five prayers are as following:

1. Fajr      2. Zohar      3. Asr
4. Maghrib      5. Isha

### B.

**Colour the following picture.**



## Unit 16

# Eid-ul-Fitr

### Learning Objective:

The students will be able to know about Eid-ul-Fitr.

Eid-ul-Fitr is an Islamic festival. It is celebrated to thank Allah for His blessings. Eid-ul-Fitr comes at the end of the Holy month of Ramadan. The Muslims start Eid preparations before many days of Eid. People do a lot of shopping for it. On the morning of Eid, the people wear new clothes and go for Eid's prayer. The children get Eidee from elders.

عید الفطر ایک اسلامی تہوار ہے۔ یہ اللہ تعالیٰ کی نعمتوں کا شکر ادا کرنے کے لیے منائی جاتی ہے۔ عید الفطر مقدس مہینے رمضان کے بعد آتی ہے۔ مسلمان عید سے کافی دن پہلے عید کی تیاری شروع کر دیتے ہیں۔ لوگ اس کے لیے بہت ساری خریداری کرتے ہیں۔ عید کی صبح لوگ نئے کپڑے پہنتے ہیں اور عید کی نماز ادا کرنے کے لیے جاتے ہیں۔ بچے بڑوں سے عیدی لیتے ہیں۔



## Exercise

### A. Answer these questions.

**Q1:** What is Eid-ul-Fitr?

**Ans:** Eid-ul-Fitr is an Islamic festival.

**Q2:** When does Eid-ul-Fitr come?

**Ans:** Eid-ul-Fitr comes after the Holy month of Ramadan.

**Q3:** What do the people do for Eid preparation?

**Ans:** People do a lot of shopping for Eid Preparation.

**Q4:** What do the people do on Eid's morning?

**Ans:** People wear new clothes on Eid's morning and after Eid prayer.

**Q5:** From whom do the children get Eidee?

**Ans:** The children get Eidee from elders.

### B. Tick (✓) the correct option.

1: Eid-ul-Fitr is an Islamic:

- (a) event      ✓(b) festival      (c) fair

2: Eid-ul-Fitr comes at the end of:

- ✓(a) Ramadan      (b) Shawwal      (c) Rajab

3: The Muslims start Eid preparations before many:

- (a) months      (b) weeks      ✓(c) days

4: People do a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ for Eid.

- (a) playing      ✓(b) shopping      © work

5: The children get Eidee from:

- ✓(a) elders      (b) youngers      (c) neighbours

### C. Fill in the blanks.

1. Eid is celebrated to thank Allah for His blessings.
2. The Muslims do shopping for their Eid preparations before many days of Eid.
3. The children get Eidee from elders.
4. On the morning of Eid, the people wear new clothes and go for Eid's prayer.
5. Eid-ul-Fitr comes at the end of the Holy month of Ramadan.

### D. Tick (✓) the true and cross (✗) the false statements.

1. The people do a lot of shopping for Eid-ul-Fitr.
2. On the Morning of Eid, people wear dirty clothes.
3. The people go for Jumma Prayer on Eid.
4. The elders get Eidee from children.
5. Eid is celebrated to thank Allah for His blessings.

### E. Match the column "A" with column "B".

#### Column "A"

1. Eid-ul-Fitr is
2. Ramadan is
3. Eid-ul-Fitr comes
4. The Muslims go for
5. People wear

#### Column "B"

- at the end of Ramdan.
- Eid's prayer.
- new clothes on Eid.
- an Islamic festival.
- a Holy month.

## Unit 17

# Our Great Heroes

### Learning Objective:

The students will be able to know about Our Great Heroes.

Here are some pictures of our National Heroes.

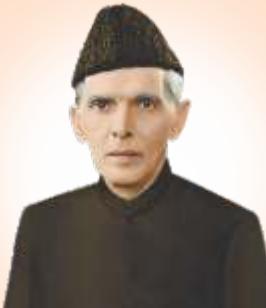
یہ چند قومی ہیروز کی تصاویر ہیں۔



Allama Iqbal

Allama Iqbal gave the idea of Pakistan and he is also our national poet.

علامہ اقبال نے پاکستان کا تصور پیش کیا اور وہ ہمارے قومی شاعر بھی ہیں۔



Quaid-e-Azam

Quaid-e-Azam made Pakistan and he was the first Governor General of Pakistan.

قائد اعظم نے پاکستان بنایا اور وہ پاکستان کے پہلے گورنر جنرل تھے۔



Liaquat Ali Khan

Liaquat Ali Khan was the first Prime Minister of Pakistan.

لیاقت علی خان پاکستان کے پہلے وزیر اعظم تھے۔



Major Aziz Bhatti

Major Aziz Bhatti was an army officer. He gave his life defending Pakistan.

میجر عزیز بھٹی ایک فوجی افسر تھے انہوں نے اپنی زندگی پاکستان کے دفاع کے لیے قربان کر دی۔



Rashid Minhas

Rashid Minhas was a young pilot officer. He gave his life defending Pakistan.

راشد منہاس جوان (کم عمر) پائلٹ افسر تھے۔ انہوں نے اپنی زندگی پاکستان کے دفاع کے لیے قربان کر دی۔



Dr. Abdul Qadeer

Dr. Abdul Qadeer Khan made Atom Bomb for Pakistan.

ڈاکٹر عبدالقدیر خان نے پاکستان کے لیے ایٹم بم بنایا

## Exercise

A. Answer these questions.

**Q1:** Who gave the idea of Pakistan?

**Ans:** Allama Iqbal gave the idea of Pakistan.

**Q2:** Who made Pakistan?

**Ans:** Quaid-e-Azam made Pakistan.

**Q3:** Name the first Prime Minister of Pakistan.

**Ans:** Liaquat Ali Khan was the first prime minister of Pakistan.

**Q4:** Name the youngest pilot who gave his life for Pakistan.

**Ans:** Rashid Minhas is the Youngest Pilot who gave his life for Pakistan.

**Q5:** Who made the Atom Bomb for Pakistan?

**Ans:** Dr. Abdul Qadeer Khan made Atom bomb for Pakistan.

B. Tick (✓) the true and cross (✗) the false statements.

1: Liaquat Ali Khan was the second Prime Minister of Pakistan.

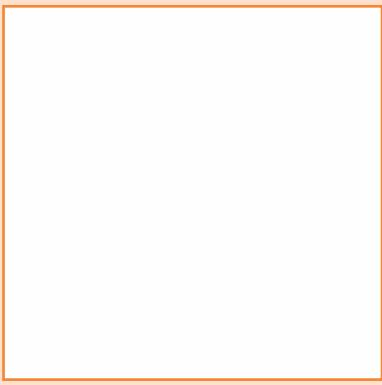
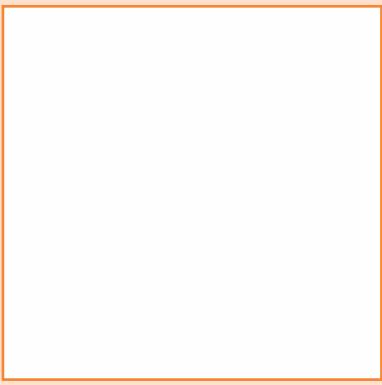
2: Quaid-e-Azam made Pakistan.

3: Allama Iqbal gave the idea of Pakistan.

4: Major Aziz Bhatti was a Pilot officer.

5: Dr. Abdul Qadeer Khan is our National Poet.

C. Paste the pictures of any two National Heroes.



# Annual Division of Syllabus

**1st Term**

Month - 1		Month - 2		Month - 3	
Week - 1	Week - 2	Week - 1	Week - 2	Week - 1	Week - 2
Page 4 - 6	Page 7 - 9	Page 10 - 12	Page 13 - 15	Page 16 - 18	Page 19 - 20
Unit 1 Study + Exercise	Unit 2 Study + Exercise	Unit 3 Study + Exercise	Unit 4 Study + Exercise	Unit 5 Study + Exercise	Unit 6 Study + Exercise
Week - 3	Week - 4	Week - 3	Week - 4	Week - 3	Week - 4
Page 4 - 9		Page 10 - 15		Page 16 - 20	
Revision Unit 1 to Unit 2	Monthly Test	Revision Unit 3 to Unit 4	Monthly Test	Revision Unit 5 to Unit 6	First Term Exam

**2nd Term**

Month - 4		Month - 5		Month - 6	
Week - 1	Week - 2	Week - 1	Week - 2	Week - 1	Week - 2
Page 21 - 22	Page 23 - 25	Page 26 - 28	Page 29 - 30	Page 31 - 33	Page 34 - 36
Unit 7 Study + Exercise	Unit 8 Study + Exercise	Unit 9 Study + Exercise	Unit 10 Study + Exercise	Unit 11 Study + Exercise	Unit 12 Study + Exercise
Week - 3	Week - 4	Week - 3	Week - 4	Week - 3	Week - 4
Page 21 - 25		Page 26 - 30		Page 30 - 36	
Revision Unit 7 to Unit 8	Monthly Test	Revision Unit 9 to Unit 10	Monthly Test	Revision Unit 11 to Unit 12	Second Term Exam

**Third (Final) Term**

Month - 7		Month - 8		Month - 9	
Week - 1	Week - 2	Week - 1	Week - 2	Week - 1	Week - 2
Page 37 - 38	Page 39 - 40	Page 41 - 42	Page 43 - 47	Page 04 - 20	Page 21 - 36
Unit 13 Study + Exercise	Unit 14 Study + Exercise	Unit 15 Study + Exercise	Unit 16 to Unit 17 Study + Exercise	Revision of First Term Units	Revision of Second Term Units
Week - 3	Week - 4	Week - 3	Week - 4	Week - 3	Week - 4
Page 37 - 40		Page 41 - 47		Page 37 - 47	
Revision Unit 13 to Unit 14	Monthly Test	Revision Unit 15 to Unit 17	Monthly Test	Revision of Third Term Units	Third (Final) Term Exams